

Summary

- Needle roller bearings are small and compact, their rolling elements are comparatively long
- Used in gearboxes, vehicle drives or packaging machines
- Ideal for swivel movements
- Bearing code number and designation scheme differs depending on the series
- Examples of needle roller bearing series: Needle roller and cage assemblies, drawn cup needle roller bearings, needle roller bearings with solid rings, stud type track rollers, yoke type track rollers
- Needle roller bearings usually do not have their own seal, but the use of an optional (contact) seal is still possible

Characteristics of needle bearings

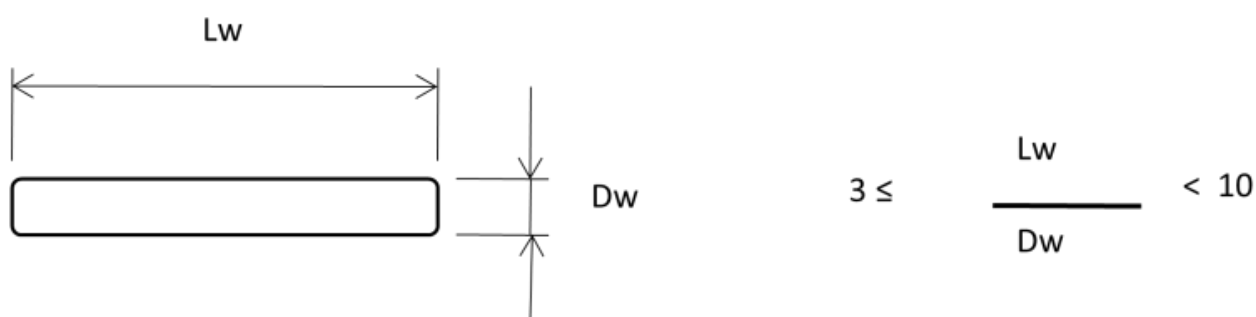
The needle roller bearing did not get its name by chance, because its **rolling elements** are – surprise – characterised by a needle shape! The rolling elements are also guided parallel to the axis, as needle roller bearings are a special type of **cylindrical roller bearing**. You are almost guaranteed to find needle roller bearings in gearboxes, vehicle drives or packaging machines, for example.

Needle roller bearings are mainly used as **non-locating bearings**. Typical for this type of bearing are also its very compact dimensions. Here and there, the inner and/or **outer ring** may be missing, and the same applies to the **cage**. If the cage is missing, it is also called a “full complement needle roller bearing”. Needle roller bearings have a



Unusual, but not atypical: Needle bearings also do well without an inner and outer ring.

small cross-section and are therefore smaller than many other bearing types. This is because the rolling element diameter is smaller than 10 millimetres. The diameter-length ratio of the rolling elements is between 1:3 and 1:10.



The length to diameter ratio of the rolling elements in needle bearings is shown here.

Because their rolling elements are relatively long and the contact with the raceways is linear, as in cylindrical roller bearings, needle roller bearings achieve the highest [load rating](#) in the smallest installation space and can be used with high radial loads. In addition to their compactness, another advantage is that needle roller bearings are characterised by high rigidity. These bearings are also particularly well suited for applications in which they do not have to perform complete revolutions, but are only pivoted through an angle. In contrast to other bearing designs, the areas overlapped by the rolling elements on the raceways occurs even with small movements due to the small rolling element spacing. This makes it possible to counteract the poor [lubrication](#) conditions that often exist in these pivoting applications. In addition, their modular design means that they are not normally difficult to mount. Moreover, needle roller bearings are usually associated with low costs, especially in relation to their performance – pretty good, right?

The disadvantage of needle bearings is the increased noise level – especially compared to ball bearings. As mentioned before, needle bearings are ideal for radial loads, but conversely they are not suitable for axial loads. If needle bearings without an inner or outer ring are to be used, care must be taken to ensure that the bearing journals in the area of the shaft or

housing have sufficient hardness and also meet high requirements for dimensional and concentric running accuracies. Another aspect that should be taken into account is that needle roller bearings are only suitable for high speeds and high temperatures to a limited extent. This is particularly important for full complement bearings, whose rolling elements rub against each other due to the missing cage. Special attention must be paid here to [lubrication](#) in order to keep friction as low as possible.

Needle cages (needle roller and cage assemblies)

There are various needle bearing series, the most important of which are presented here. First of all, needle cages, also called *needle roller and cage assemblies*, should be mentioned. These run directly on the shaft or housing, so that the shaft and housing replace the classic bearing raceways. Needle roller and cage assemblies are a cost-effective variant of the [rolling bearing](#), mainly because they are light and compact and require little space. At the same time, however, high demands are placed on the surface finish and hardness of the thin cages. The basic form with a highly rigid cage can be recognised by the abbreviation K, but there are numerous different forms of needle roller and cage assemblies.



It looks as if the production of the bearing has not yet been completed. In reality, however, the shaft and housing bore of needle roller and cage assemblies take over the function of the bearing raceways.



Drawn Cup bearings are also called shell type needle roller bearings.

Drawn cup needle roller bearings

Drawn cup needle roller bearings are characterised by a deep-drawn outer ring that is manufactured by forming. This is characterised by a low wall thickness of sheet steel and is very thin. High precision tolerances of the housing bore are the main requirement for the use of drawn cup needle roller bearings. A characteristic feature of drawn cup needle roller bearings is that in most cases they do not have an [inner ring](#). As with needle roller and cage assemblies, there are many

different types. The basic type is called HK. Drawn cup needle roller bearings can also have a [seal](#) integrated in the deep-drawn outer ring on one or both sides. There are also variants of this type which are completely closed on one side. All types of drawn cup needle roller bearings are also known as shell type needle roller bearings.

Solid ring needle roller bearings

Another needle roller bearing series are the solid ring needle roller bearings; these are characterised by a solid outer ring, which is also known from [cylindrical roller bearings](#). The rigidity of solid needle roller bearings is higher than that of other needle bearing types. The bearings are therefore suitable for applications with high speeds, high loads and high demands on rotational accuracy. Solid ring needle roller bearings can also have an oil [groove](#) with holes in the outer ring.



As you can easily see, the solid needle bearing is characterised by a solid, wide outer ring, to which it also owes its name.



Stud type track rollers

A stud type track roller only exists in combination with a stub shaft, it is also

Another type of needle roller bearing is the stud type track roller. Stud type track rollers have a stub shaft and perform intermittent, oscillating and continuous rotary motions with high accuracy and high [speed](#). They are used as a cam control mechanism for drive units and are ideal for packaging machines that can roll over the outer [raceway](#)

The needle roller bearing

capable of high rotational speeds during production.

Yoke type track rollers

Last but not least, yoke type track rollers are important, but unlike the stud type track rollers, they do not involve a stub shaft. On the one hand, like stud type track rollers they can *also* fulfil the function of a cam mechanism, but on the other can function as a guide or support roller for straight or curved tracks. Both yoke type track rollers and stud type track rollers have a solid outer ring that can withstand impact loads. There are two types of outer surface; it can be either cylindrical or crowned.



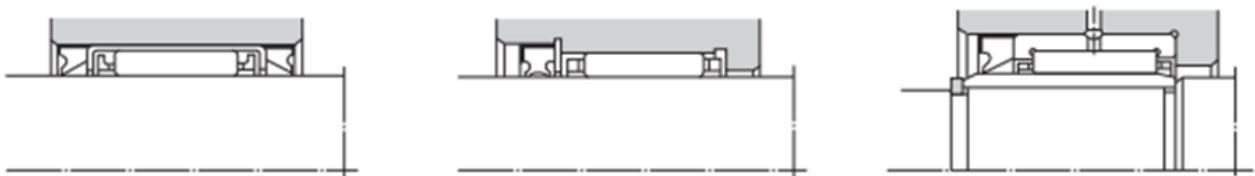
Yoke type track rollers can take on a variety of tasks.



There are quite a few different types of needle bearings, some of which are shown here.

Sealing of needle bearings

What role do [seals](#) actually play in connection with needle bearings? Basically, open needle bearings, and thus bearings without seals, are more common than bearings with seals. Irrespective of this, it is possible to install a [seal](#) directly in both machined and deep-drawn needle roller bearings. A contact seal made of nitrile rubber is used as standard for needle roller bearings. With needle roller and cage assemblies, however, a seal must be used in the direct vicinity of the bearing. Here, the rolling bearing manufacturer NTN has seals that are directly matched to the height of needle bearings and can thus effectively protect the bearing from foreign particles. The special GD seal is particularly advantageous compared to the G seal, as it has a better sealing effect and thus retains grease. In addition, particle ingress is prevented.



Here you can see the drawings for special seals for needle bearings (left and right: G type single lip seal, centre: GD type double lip seal).

Further information on [seals](#) can also be found at bearingwizrd.co.uk. In addition, you will also find other considerations that go together with the design of a bearing arrangement, including [bearing mounting](#), the difference between a [locating \(fixed\) and non-locating \(floating\) bearing arrangement](#) and the [arrangement types](#).

You may also be interested in [Lifetime calculation](#)

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Damn, bearing damage! If you consider that rolling bearings are exposed to continuous pressure and

shear stress, this is nothing unusual to begin with. What

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Lubrication

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Nothing works without lubrication: Every bearing runs with grease or oil lubrication, which is the basic prerequisite for avoiding metallic contact of the bearing components,

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Point and line contact

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What is meant by “point and [line contact](#)”? You may have already heard that rolling bearings can be split into two types. The classification depends

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Rolling bearing types overview

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Structure and function

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Components of rolling bearings The basics of rolling bearing technology include the structure and function of rolling bearings. To get you started slowly, you will

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